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c      program orbit1.for
C      Sep. 20, 2005
C      COMPUTES MIE SCATTERING BY a modified Luneburg lens
      IMPLICIT DOUBLE PRECISION (A-H,O-Z)
      DIMENSION AN(129),r(128),X(128),Y(128)
      DIMENSION ex0(128),ey0(128),fx0(128),fy0(128)
      DIMENSION ex(140,128),ey(140,128),fx(140,128),fy(140,128)
      DIMENSION gx(140),gg(140,128)
      DIMENSION TAM(128),TAQ(128),TAD(128),TAP(128)
      DIMENSION TBM(128),TBQ(128),TBD(128),TBP(128)
      DIMENSION TEM1(64),TEM2(64),TEM3(64),TEM4(64)
      DIMENSION TEM5(64),TEM6(64),TEM7(64),TEM8(64)
      DIMENSION CTH(361),PI(2,361)
      DIMENSION SRP(361),SIP(361),SRM(361),SIM(361),PT(3,361)

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      PII=3.1415926536
      write(*,100)
100  format(' particle radius in microns=')
      read(*,101) a
      a2=a*a
101  format(f14.6)
      write(*,102)
102  format(' magnitude of focal position/a=')
      read(*,101) f
      f2=f*f
      f21=f2+1.
      write(*,103)
103  format(' INTEGER MP <=7 FOR 2**MP interfaces=')
      read(*,104) MP
104  format(I8)
      MMAX=2**MP # of interfaces
      MMAX1=MMAX+1 # of regions
      ammax=dfloat(mmax)
      write(*,105)
105  format(' WAVELENGTH EXAMINED IN MICRONS=')
      read(*,101) WL
      write(*,106)
106  format(' initial angle in degrees=')
      read(*,101) agi
      write(*,107)
107  format(' FINAL ANGLE IN DEGREES=')
      read(*,101) AGF
      NMAX=361
      AGDEL=(AGF-AGI)/DFLOAT(NMAX-1)

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this is particular to the refractive index profile of a Luneburg lens.

361 angles are plotted

c

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      DO 200 M=1,MMAX
      r(m)=dfloat(m)*a/ammax # radius of interface m/m+1
200  CONTINUE
      rave=.5*r(1)
      an(1)=f21/f2-rave*rave/(a2*f2) # refractive index in the middle of region m
      an(1)=dsqrt(an(1))
      do 201 m=2,mmax
      rave=.5*(r(m)+r(m-1))
      an(m)=f21/f2-rave*rave/(a2*f2)
      an(m)=dsqrt(an(m))
201  continue
      AN(MMAX1)=1. # refractive index of the exterior region
      DO 202 M=1,MMAX
      X(M)=2.*PII*AN(M+1)*R(M)/WL # just outside interface m/m+1 in region m+1
      Y(M)=2.*PII*AN(M)*R(M)/WL # just inside interface m/m+1 in region m
202  CONTINUE

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X(MMAX)= small size parameter

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      do 211 n=1,NMAX
      th=PII*(agi+agdel*Dfloat(n-1))/180.
      CTH(n)=DCOS(th)
      SRP(N)=0.
      SRM(N)=0.
      SIP(N)=0.
      SIM(N)=0.
      PI(1,N)=0.
      PI(2,N)=1.
211  continue

```

initialize everything at every angle n

sum over angles

overall size parameter

C QLMAX=2.+x(MMAX)+4.315*(x(MMAX)**.3333)
 LMAX=ifix(SNGL(QLMAX)) highest partial wave based on the total size parameter
 lstart=lmax+15

C DO 203 M=1,MMAX for each interface m/m+1

m
 ex(lstart,m)=0.0d+00
 ey(lstart,m)=0.0d+00
 do 215 LL=0,lstart-2
 L=lstart-LL
 alx=dfloat(L)/x(m)
 aly=dfloat(L)/y(m)
 ex(L-1,m)=alx-1./(ex(L,m)+alx)
 ey(L-1,m)=aly-1./(ey(L,m)+aly)
 215 continue
 alx=1./x(m)
 aly=1./y(m)
 ex0(m)=alx-1./(ex(1,m)+alx)
 ey0(m)=aly-1./(ey(1,m)+aly)

g_2/g_2 by downward recursion at the ~~m/m+1~~ interface $E_2(x) E_2(y)$

C
 fx0(m)=-dtan(x(m))
 fy0(m)=-dtan(y(m))
 alx=1./x(m)
 aly=1./y(m)
 fx(1,m)=-alx+1./(alx-fx0(m))
 fy(1,m)=-aly+1./(aly-fy0(m))
 do 216 L=2,lmax
 alx=dfloat(L)/x(m)
 aly=dfloat(L)/y(m)
 fx(L,m)=-alx+1./(alx-fx(L-1,m))
 fy(L,m)=-aly+1./(aly-fy(L-1,m))
 216 continue
 203 CONTINUE

n_2/n_2 by upward recursion at the ~~m/m+1~~ interface $F_2(x) F_2(y)$

C do 219 m=2,mmax m = region number

m
 gg0=dtan(x(m-1))/dtan(y(m))
 alx=1./x(m-1)
 aly=1./y(m)
 gg(1,m)=gg0*((alx+fx(1,m-1))/(aly+fy(1,m)))
 gg(1,m)=gg(1,m)*((aly+ey(1,m))/(alx+ex(1,m-1)))
 do 217 L=2,lmax
 alx=dfloat(L)/x(m-1)
 aly=dfloat(L)/y(m)
 gg(L,m)=gg(L-1,m)*((alx+fx(L,m-1))/(aly+fy(L,m)))
 gg(L,m)=gg(L,m)*((aly+ey(L,m))/(alx+ex(L,m-1)))
 217 continue
 219 continue

$g_2/n_2(x)$ in the m region $\frac{G_2(x)}{G_2(y)}$
 $g_2/n_2(y)$
 by upward recursion

C
 gx0=-dtan(x(mmax))
 alx=1./x(mmax)
 gx(1)=gx0*((alx+fx(1,mmax))/(alx+ex(1,mmax)))
 do 218 L=2,lmax
 alx=dfloat(L)/x(mmax)
 gx(L)=gx(L-1)*((alx+fx(L,mmax))/(alx+ex(L,mmax)))
 218 continue

G_2
 g_2/n_2 for x just outside the outermost interface by upward recursion

C do 204 L=1,LMAX
 q=Dfloat(L)
 Q1=Q+1.
 q21=2.*q+1.
 QQ1=Q21/Q
 QQ2=Q1/Q
 QQ3=Q21/(Q*Q1)

C DO 205 M=1,MMAX m = interface
 TAM(M)=an(m+1)*ey(L,m)-an(m)*ex(L,m)
 TAQ(M)=an(m+1)*fy(L,m)-an(m)*fx(L,m)
 TAD(M)=an(m+1)*ey(L,m)-an(m)*fx(L,m)
 TAP(M)=an(m+1)*fy(L,m)-an(m)*ex(L,m)
 TBM(M)=an(m)*ey(L,m)-an(m+1)*ex(L,m)
 TBQ(M)=an(m)*fy(L,m)-an(m+1)*fx(L,m)
 TBD(M)=an(m)*ey(L,m)-an(m+1)*fx(L,m)
 TBP(M)=an(m)*fy(L,m)-an(m+1)*ex(L,m)

single-scattering amplitudes
 n_2
 g_2 at each interface TM (a) and TE (b)
 d_2
 p_2
 2

2

205 CONTINUE

C

```
DO 206 J=1,MP
JP2=2**(MP-J)
ij1=2**(j-1)
```

j = level of combining amplitudes = iteration number

C

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DO 207 K=1,JP2
K2=2*K
K21=K2-1
kk=ij1*k21+1
grat=gg(L, kk)
```

K = each pair of amplitudes on the level

```
TEM1(K)=TAD(K21)*TAM(K2)-TAM(K21)*TAP(K2)*grat
TEM2(K)=TAQ(K21)*TAD(K2)-TAP(K21)*TAQ(K2)*grat
TEM3(K)=TAD(K21)*TAD(K2)-TAM(K21)*TAQ(K2)*grat
TEM4(K)=TAQ(K21)*TAM(K2)-TAP(K21)*TAP(K2)*grat
TEM5(K)=TBD(K21)*TBM(K2)-TBM(K21)*TBP(K2)*grat
TEM6(K)=TBQ(K21)*TBD(K2)-TBP(K21)*TBQ(K2)*grat
TEM7(K)=TBD(K21)*TBD(K2)-TBM(K21)*TBQ(K2)*grat
TEM8(K)=TBQ(K21)*TBM(K2)-TBP(K21)*TBP(K2)*grat
```

*combine the amplitudes in the old level
to get the amplitudes in the new level*

207 CONTINUE

C

```
DO 208 K=1,JP2
TAM(K)=TEM1(K)
TAQ(K)=TEM2(K)
TAD(K)=TEM3(K)
TAP(K)=TEM4(K)
TBM(K)=TEM5(K)
TBQ(K)=TEM6(K)
TBD(K)=TEM7(K)
TBP(K)=TEM8(K)
```

*write the new amplitudes in the first half of the storage places**for the old amplitudes. There are now half the amplitudes as in the previous
iteration level. The last half of the storage places hold the old amplitudes*

208 CONTINUE

206 CONTINUE

C

```
tam(1)=tam(1)*gx(L)
tbn(1)=tbn(1)*gx(L)
ADEN=TAM(1)*TAM(1)+TAD(1)*TAD(1)
AR=TAM(1)*TAM(1)/ADEN
AI=-TAM(1)*TAD(1)/ADEN
BDEN=TBM(1)*TBM(1)+TBD(1)*TBD(1)
BR=TBM(1)*TBM(1)/BDEN
BI=-TBM(1)*TBD(1)/BDEN
ABRP=QQ3*(AR+BR)
ABIP=QQ3*(AI+BI)
ABRM=QQ3*(AR-BR)
ABIM=QQ3*(AI-BI)
```

*← storage location 1 contains the final amplitudes**} a₂**} b₂*

C

```
DO 212 N=1,NMAX
TA=Q*CTH(N)*PI(2,N)-Q1*PI(1,N)
PITAP=PI(2,N)+TA
PITAM=PI(2,N)-TA
SRP(N)=SRP(N)+ABRP*PITAP
SRM(N)=SRM(N)+ABRM*PITAM
SIP(N)=SIP(N)+ABIP*PITAP
SIM(N)=SIM(N)+ABIM*PITAM
TEMP=PI(2,N)
PI(2,N)=Q1*CTH(N)*PI(2,N)-Q2*PI(1,N)
PI(1,N)=TEMP
```

calculate S₁ and S₂ on the fly for each angle n

212 CONTINUE

204 CONTINUE

C

```
do 213 n=1,NMAX
S1R=.5*(SRP(N)+SRM(N))
S2R=.5*(SRP(N)-SRM(N))
S1I=.5*(SIP(N)+SIM(N))
S2I=.5*(SIP(N)-SIM(N))
pt(1,n)=S1R*S1R+S1I*S1I
pt(2,n)=S2R*S2R+S2I*S2I
pt(3,n)=.5*(pt(1,n)+pt(2,n))
```

213 continue

C

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OPEN(UNIT=1, FILE='OUT.DAT')
DO 210 N=1,NMAX
TH=AGI+AGDEL*DFLOAT(N-1)
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This stores 3 the output data

↑
□

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WRITE(1,998) TH,PT(1,N),PT(2,N),PT(3,N)
998 FORMAT(F14.1,3E15.5)
210 CONTINUE
CLOSE(UNIT=1,STATUS='KEEP')
400 continue
end
```